

# LIQUID NATURAL GAS



## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Version: 1.1 Revision Date: 05/21/2015

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY

### Product Identifier

**Product Form:** Substance

**Product Name:** Liquid Natural Gas, dry

**Synonyms:** Natural Gas, refrigerated

**CAS No.** 74-82-8

### Intended Use of the Product

**Use of the Substance/Mixture:** Industrial use.

### Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

#### **Company**

Williams, Inc.  
One Williams Center  
Tulsa, OK 74172, US  
T 800-945-5426  
[ehs@williams.com](mailto:ehs@williams.com)

### Emergency Telephone Number

**Emergency number** Chemtrec - 800-424-9300

## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### Classification of the Substance or Mixture

#### **Classification (GHS-US)**

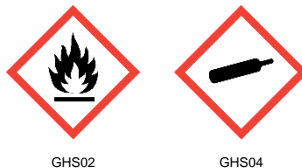
Flam. Gas 1 H220

Press. Gas H281

### Label Elements

#### **GHS-US Labeling**

**Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)** :



**Signal Word (GHS-US)** : Danger

# LIQUID NATURAL GAS

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

- Hazard Statements (GHS-US)** : H220 - Extremely flammable gas  
H281 - Contains refrigerated gas; may cause cryogenic burns or injury.
- Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)** : P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. - No smoking.  
P282 - Wear cold insulating gloves/face shield/eye protection.  
P377 - Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely  
P381 - Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so  
P336+P315 -Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area.  
Get immediate medical advice/attention.  
P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.

### Other Hazards

**Other Hazards Not Contributing to the Classification:** Contact with liquid may cause cold burns/frost bite.

**Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)** Not available

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### Mixture

| NAME               | PRODUCT IDENTIFIER | % (W/W) | CLASSIFICATION (GHS-US)               |
|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------------------------------------|
| Liquid Natural Gas | (CAS No) 8006-14-2 | 100     | Flam. Gas 1, H220<br>Press. Gas, H281 |

### Components

|         |                  |          |  |
|---------|------------------|----------|--|
| Methane | (CAS No) 74-82-8 | 95-99%   | Simple Asphy<br>Flam. Gas 1, H220<br>Liquefied gas, H280 |
| Ethane  | (CAS No) 74-84-0 | 0.5 – 4% | Simple Asphy<br>Flam. Gas 1, H220<br>Liquefied gas, H280 |
| Propane | (CAS No) 74-98-6 | 0.1 – 1% | Simple Asphy<br>Flam. Gas 1, H220<br>Liquefied gas, H280 |

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

### Description of First Aid Measures

**General:** Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self-contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped..

**Inhalation:** Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.

**Skin/Eye Contact:** In case of frostbite spray with water for at least 15 minutes. Apply a sterile dressing. Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical assistance.

## LIQUID NATURAL GAS

### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

**Ingestion:** Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

### **Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed**

**Acute/Chronic Symptoms:** In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. In low concentrations may cause narcotic effects. Symptoms may include dizziness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination.

### **Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed**

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.

## SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

### **NFPA 704 Hazard Class**

Health: 3 Flammability: 4 Instability: 0



0 (Minimal)  
1 (Slight)  
2 (Moderate)  
3 (Serious)  
4 (Severe)

### **Extinguishing Media**

**Suitable Extinguishing Media:** Dry chemical or carbon dioxide is recommended. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces

**Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:** Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire .

### **Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture**

**Fire Hazard:** Extremely flammable gas

**Explosion Hazard:** Extremely flammable. This material can be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g., static electricity, pilot lights, mechanical/electrical equipment, and electronic devices such as cell phones, computers, calculators, and pagers which have not been certified as intrinsically safe). Vapors may travel considerable distances to a source of ignition where they can ignite, flash back, or explode. May create vapor/air explosion hazard indoors, in confined spaces, outdoors, or in sewers. If container is not properly cooled, it can rupture in the heat of a fire. Drains can be plugged and valves made inoperable by the formation of ice if rapid evaporation of large quantities of the liquefied gas occurs. Do not allow runoff from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses – may cause explosion hazard in drains and may reignite

**Reactivity:** Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

### **Advice for Firefighters**

**Precautionary Measures Fire:** Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire

**Firefighting Instructions:** Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. If this cannot be done, allow fire to burn. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Stay away from ends of container. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Cool equipment exposed to fire with water, if it can be done safely.

## LIQUID NATURAL GAS

### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

---

**Protection During Firefighting:** For fires beyond the initial stage, emergency responders in the immediate hazard area should wear protective clothing. When the potential chemical hazard is unknown, in enclosed or confined spaces, a self contained breathing apparatus should be worn. In addition, wear other appropriate protective equipment as conditions warrant (see Section 8).

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Combustion may yield smoke, carbon monoxide, and other products of incomplete combustion. Oxides of nitrogen and sulfur may also be formed..

**Other information:** Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses

#### Reference to Other Sections

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

**General Measures:** Extremely flammable. Spillages of liquid product will create a fire hazard and may form an explosive atmosphere. Keep all sources of ignition and hot metal surfaces away from spill/release if safe to do so. The use of explosion-proof electrical equipment is recommended. Beware of accumulation of gas in low areas or contained areas, where explosive concentrations may occur. Prevent from entering drains or any place where accumulation may occur. Ventilate area and allow to evaporate. Stay upwind and away from spill/release. Avoid direct contact with material. For large spillages, notify persons down wind of the spill/release. Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out.

#### For Non-Emergency Personnel

**Protective Equipment:** Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

**Emergency Procedures:** Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

#### For Emergency Personnel

**Protective Equipment:** Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

**Emergency Procedures:** Ventilate area.

### Environmental Precautions

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors. If spill occurs on water notify appropriate authorities and advise shipping of any hazard.

### Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

**Methods for Cleaning Up:** Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however local conditions and regulations may influence or limit the choice of appropriate actions to be taken.

#### Reference to Other Sections

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

# LIQUID NATURAL GAS

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions for Safe Handling

**Additional Hazards When Processed:** Keep away from ignition sources such as heat/sparks/open flame – No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Contents under pressure. Gas can accumulate in confined spaces and limit oxygen available for breathing. Use only with adequate ventilation. The use of explosion-proof electrical equipment is recommended and may be required (see appropriate fire codes).

Refer to NFPA-70 and/or API RP 2003 for specific bonding/grounding requirements. Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when handling or processing this material. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.

**Hygiene Measures:** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8)

#### Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

**Technical Measures:** Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Comply with applicable regulations.

**Storage Conditions:** Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Use and store this material in cool, dry, wellventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, hot metal surfaces, and all sources of ignition. Store only in approved containers. Post area "No Smoking or Open Flame." Protect container(s) against physical damage. Outdoor or detached storage is preferred. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes.

**Incompatible Materials:** Avoid contact with acids, aluminum chloride, chlorine, chlorine dioxide, halogens and oxidizing agents.

**Specific End Use(s)** Industrial use.

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Control Parameters

| Chemical Name                  | ACGIH   | OSHA   | NIOSH   |
|--------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Liquid Natural Gas (8006-14-2) | TWA: 1000 ppm<br>as Aliphatic Hydrocarbons C1-4 | --   | --  |
| Methane (74-82-8)              | STEL: 1000 ppm                                  | --   | REL (TWA): 800 ppm<br>REL (TWA):1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                          |
| Ethane (74-84-0)               | Minimal oxygen content -<br>asphyxia            | 1926.55 - Simple<br>asphyxiant               | --  |
| Propane (74-98-6)              | Minimal oxygen content -<br>asphyxia            | TWA: 1000 ppm<br>TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | REL (TWA): 1000 ppm<br>REL (TWA):1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup><br>IDLH: 2100 PPM (10%) |

**Note:** State province, local or other agencies or advisory groups may have established more stringent limits. Consult an industrial hygienist or similar professional, or your local agencies, for further information.

# LIQUID NATURAL GAS

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### Exposure Controls

**Appropriate Engineering Controls:** Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases/vapours may be released. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Use explosion-proof equipment.

**Personal Protective Equipment:** Protective goggles. Protective clothing. Respiratory protection of the dependent type. Insulated gloves.



**Materials for Protective Clothing:** Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flammable resistant/retardant clothing.

**Hand Protection:** Wear chemically resistant protective gloves. Insulated gloves

**Eye Protection:** The use of eye protection (such as splash goggles) that meets or exceeds ANSI Z.87.1 is recommended when there is potential liquid contact to the eye. Depending on conditions of use, a face shield may be necessary.

**Skin and Body Protection:** Wear appropriate protective clothing.

**Respiratory Protection:** A NIOSH approved, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or equivalent operated in a pressure demand or other positive pressure mode should be used in situations of oxygen deficiency (oxygen content less than 19.5 percent), unknown exposure concentrations, or situations that are immediately dangerous to life or health (IDLH). A respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

**Other Information:** When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

**Note:** Unless otherwise stated, values are determined at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 atm). Data represent typical values and are not intended to be specifications.

|  |                          |
|--|--------------------------|
| <b>Physical State</b>                    | : Refrigerated Gas       |
| <b>Appearance</b>                        | : Colorless; Water-white |
| <b>Odor</b>                              | : No distinct odor       |
| <b>Odor Threshold</b>                    | : Not available          |
| <b>pH</b>                                | : Not applicable         |
| <b>Relative Evaporation Rate (Air=1)</b> | : Not available          |
| <b>Melting Point</b>                     | : -183 °C (-250 °F)      |

## LIQUID NATURAL GAS

### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>Freezing Point</b>                                    | : Not available   |
| <b>Boiling Point</b>                                     | : -259 °F / -162 °C   |
| <b>Flash Point</b>                                       | : -232 °C (-386 °F)   |
| <b>Auto-ignition Temperature</b>                         | : 537 °C (999 °F)   |
| <b>Decomposition Temperature</b>                         | : Not available   |
| <b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>                         | : Not available   |
| <b>Lower Flammable Limit</b>                             | : 4.5 %   |
| <b>Upper Flammable Limit</b>                             | : 14 %  |
| <b>Vapor Pressure</b>                                    | : 29736 mm Hg @ -4.6°C  |
| <b>Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C</b>                   | : 0.6-1.5 (air = 1)   |
| <b>Relative Density</b>                                  | : Not available   |
| <b>Specific Gravity</b>                                  | : 0.45 @ -162 °C)   |
| <b>Solubility</b>  | : Negligible in water.  |
| <b>Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact</b> | : Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact. |
| <b>Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge</b>  | : Static Discharge could act as an ignition source                      |

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity:** Not chemically reactive.

**Chemical Stability:** Stable under normal ambient and anticipated condition of use.

**Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** Hazardous reactions not anticipated.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Heat will increase pressure in the storage tank.

**Incompatible Materials:** Avoid contact with acids, aluminum chloride, chlorine, chlorine dioxide, halogens and oxidizing agents.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>), hydrocarbons.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

**Acute Toxicity:** Not classified

**LD50 and LC50 Data:** Not available

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation:** Not classified

**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation:** Not classified

**Respiratory or Skin Sensitization:** Not classified

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity:** Not classified

# LIQUID NATURAL GAS

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

**Teratogenicity:** Not available

**Carcinogenicity:** Not classified

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure):** Not classified

**Reproductive Toxicity:** Not classified

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure):** Not classified

**Aspiration Hazard:** Not classified

**Symptoms/Injuries after Inhalation:** Light hydrocarbon gases are simple asphyxiants and can cause anesthetic effects at high concentrations. Symptoms of overexposure, which are reversible if exposure is stopped, can include shortness of breath, drowsiness, headaches, confusion, decreased coordination, visual disturbances and vomiting. Continued exposure can lead to hypoxia (inadequate oxygen), rapid breathing, cyanosis (bluish discoloration of the skin), numbness of the extremities, unconsciousness and death.

**Symptoms/Injuries after Skin Contact:** Not expected to be irritating. Contact with the liquefied or pressurized gas may cause frostbite ("cold" burn).

**Symptoms/Injuries after Eye Contact:** Not expected to be irritating. Contact with the liquefied or pressurized gas may cause momentary freezing followed by swelling and eye damage.

**Symptoms/Injuries after Ingestion:** Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

### Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

#### LD50 and LC50 Data

|                            |                               |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| PROPANE (74-98-6)          |                               |
| LC50 Inhalation Rat (mg/l) | 658 mg/l (Exposure time: 4 h) |
| ETHANE (74-84-0)           |                               |
| LC50 Inhalation Rat (mg/l) | 658 mg/l (Exposure time: 4 h) |

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### GHS Classification:

No classified hazards

**Toxicity:** Petroleum gases will readily evaporate from the surface and would not be expected to have significant adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Classification: No classified hazards.

### Persistence and Degradability

|                               |                           |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| LIQUID NATURAL GAS            |                           |
| Persistence and Degradability | Product is biodegradable. |

### Bioaccumulative Potential

|                           |                                |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| LIQUID NATURAL GAS        |                                |
| Bioaccumulative Potential | Not expected to bioaccumulate. |



# LIQUID NATURAL GAS

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

|                   |        |
|-------------------|--------|
| PROPANE (74-98-6) |        |
| Log Pow           | 2.3    |
| ETHANE (74-84-0)  |        |
| Log Pow           | <= 2.8 |

**Mobility in Soil** Not available

### **Other Adverse Effects**

**Other adverse effects:** Can cause frost damage to vegetation.

**Other Information:** Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste Disposal Recommendations:** This material is a gas and would not typically be managed as a waste.

**Additional Information:** Disposal recommendations are based on material as supplied. Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### **UN Number**

**UN-No.(DOT):** 1972

**DOT NA no.:** UN1972

### **UN Proper Shipping Name**

**DOT Proper Shipping Name** : UN1971, Natural gas, refrigerated liquid, 2.1

**Hazard Labels (DOT)** : 2.1 - Flammable gases



**DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)** : None

**DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)** : T75.  
TP5

**DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)** : None

**DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)** : 318

### **Additional Information**

**Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number** : 115

### **Transport by sea**

**DOT Vessel Stowage Location** : D - The material must be stowed "on deck only" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length, but the material is prohibited on passenger vessels in which the limiting number of passengers is exceeded.

# LIQUID NATURAL GAS

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

**DOT Vessel Stowage Other** : 40 - Stow "clear of living quarters"

### Air transport

**DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger Aircraft/Rail (49 CFR 173.27)** : Forbidden

**DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo Aircraft Only (49 CFR 175.75)** : Forbidden


## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

### US Federal Regulations

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>Liquid Natural Gas</b>                  |   |
| <b>SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes</b> | Fire hazard<br>Immediate (acute) health hazard<br>Sudden release of pressure hazard |

|  |
|--|
| <b>Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory</b> |
| Liquid Natural Gas   |
| Methane  |
| Ethane   |
| Propane  |

### Canadian Regulations

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>LIQUID NATURAL GAS</b>   |  |
| WHMIS Classification  | Class B Division 1 - Flammable Gas<br>Class A - Compressed Gas |
|  |  |

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Propane (74-98-6)</b>                              |  |
| Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) |  |
| WHMIS Classification                                  | Class A - Compressed Gas<br>Class B Division 1 - Flammable Gas |

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Ethane (74-84-0)</b>                               |  |
| Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) |  |
| WHMIS Classification                                  | Class A - Compressed Gas<br>Class B Division 1 - Flammable Gas |

# LIQUID NATURAL GAS

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Methane (74-82-8)</b>                              |  |
| Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) |  |
| WHMIS Classification                                  | Class A - Compressed Gas<br>Class B Division 1 - Flammable Gas |

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

**Revision date** : 05/21/2015

**Other Information** : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

#### GHS Full Text Phrases:

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| Compressed gas | Gases under pressure Compressed gas                             |
| Flam. Gas 1    | Flammable gases Category 1                                      |
| Flam. Liq. 1   | Flammable liquids Category 1                                    |
| Liquefied gas  | Gases under pressure Liquefied gas                              |
| Pres. Gas.     | Pressurized Gas   |
| Simple Asphy   | Simple Asphyxiant   |
| H220           | Extremely flammable gas   |
| H224           | Extremely flammable liquid and vapor                            |
| H280           | Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated              |
| H281           | Contains refrigerated gas; may cause cryogenic burns or injury. |

#### Guide to Abbreviations:

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; CASRN = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number; CEILING = Ceiling Limit (15 minutes); CERCLA = The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; GHS = Globally Harmonized System; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; INSHT = National Institute for Health and Safety at Work; IOPC = International Oil Pollution Compensation; LEL = Lower Explosive Limit; NE = Not Established; NFPA = National Fire Protection Association; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit (OSHA); SARA = Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes); TLV = Threshold Limit Value (ACGIH); TWA = Time Weighted Average (8 hours); UEL = Upper Explosive Limit; WHMIS = Worker Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)

## LIQUID NATURAL GAS

### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

---

#### **Disclaimer of Expressed and implied Warranties:**

The information presented in this Safety Data Sheet is based on data believed to be accurate as of the date this Safety Data Sheet was prepared. HOWEVER, NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY IS EXPRESSED OR IS TO BE IMPLIED REGARDING THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION PROVIDED ABOVE, THE RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED FROM THE USE OF THIS INFORMATION OR THE PRODUCT, THE SAFETY OF THIS PRODUCT, OR THE HAZARDS RELATED TO ITS USE. No responsibility is assumed for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use or from any failure to adhere to recommended practices. The information provided above, and the product, are furnished on the condition that the person receiving them shall make their own determination as to the suitability of the product for their particular purpose and on the condition that they assume the risk of their use. In addition, no authorization is given nor implied to practice any patented invention without a license.

#### **Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document**

Williams, Inc.  
One Williams Center  
Tulsa, OK 74172, US  
800-688-7507

*This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product*

North America GHS US 2012 & WHMIS